

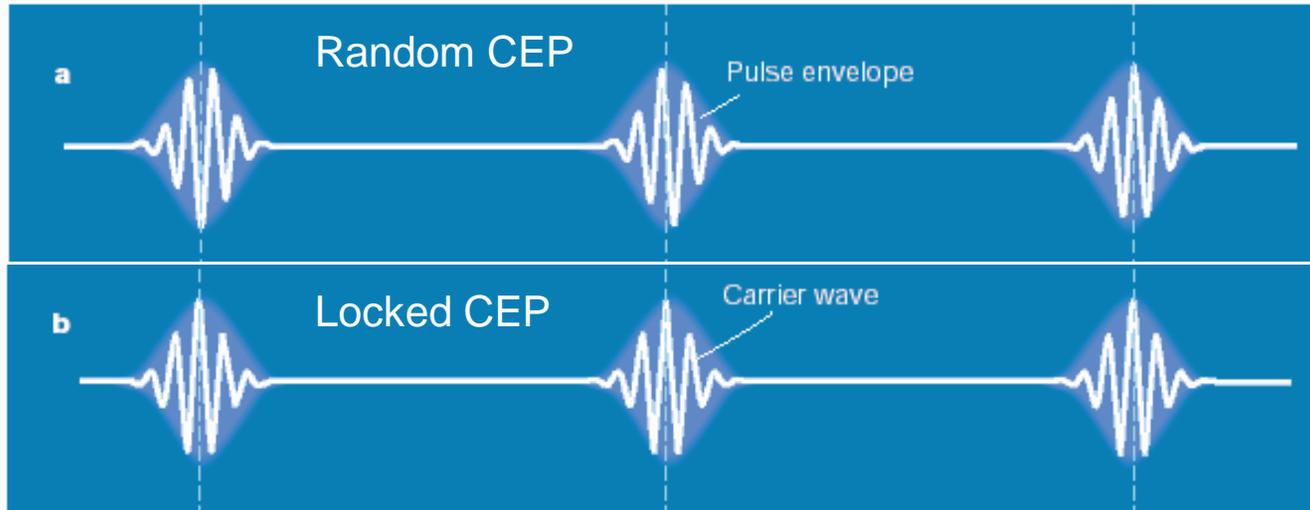
High Energy Density Physics Workshop

May 24, 2004
Gaithersburg, MD

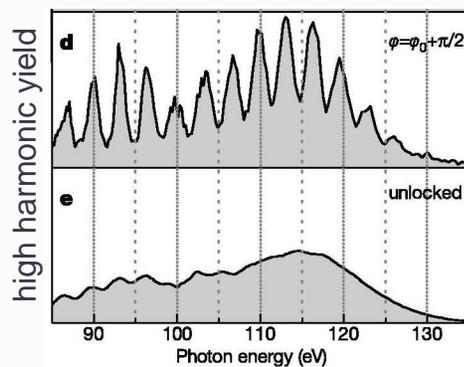
Report on HED with Ultra-Short-Pulse Lasers II
Louis DiMauro
BNL & Ohio State University

UUL physics tools

- modern technology enables the exquisite sculpting of the laser-matter interaction



“attosecond control of electronic processes by intense light fields”
Baltuska A, Krausz F *et al.*, Nature **421**, 611 (2003).



nonlinear electronic processes, e.g. harmonic generation, can be controlled with sub-cycle precision.

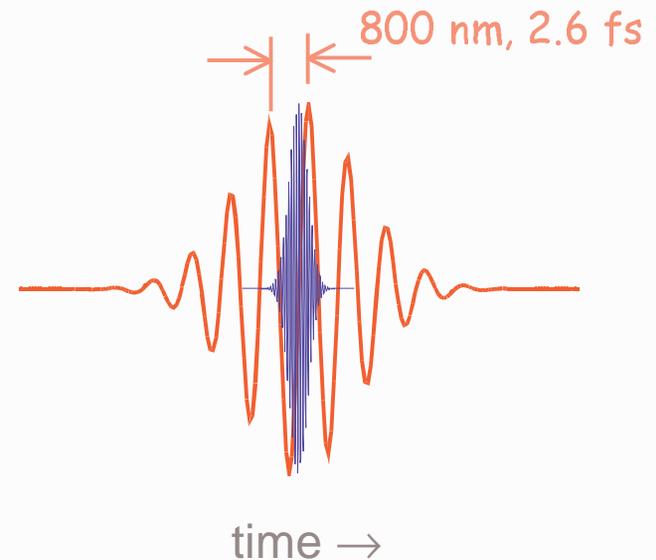
attophysics thrust: grand challenge

✓ *can physical and chemical processes be controlled with man-made light pulses that possess both the intrinsic time- (attoseconds, 10^{-18} s) and length- (x-rays, 1 Å) scales of all matter?*

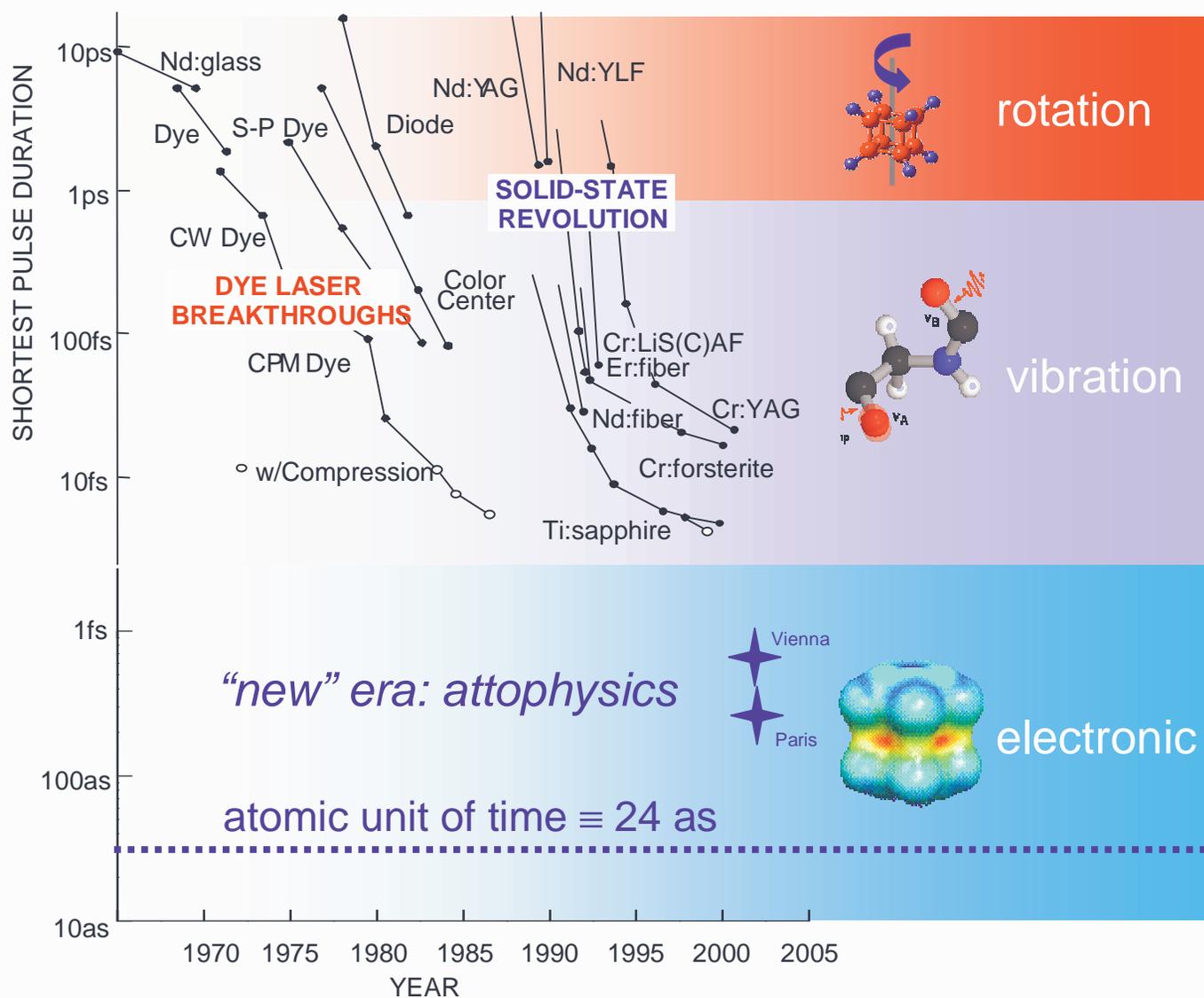
attosecond duration



short wavelengths (XUV, x-rays)

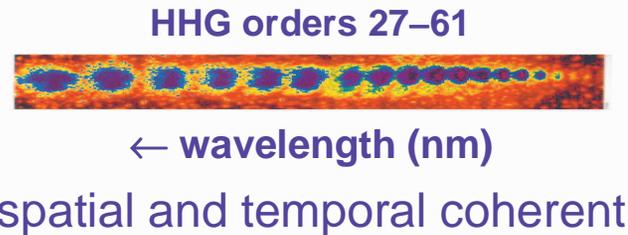
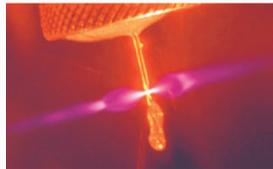


attophysics thrust: physical timescale

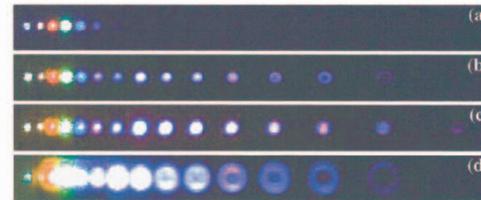


attophysics thrust: generation

- ✓ extreme nonlinear optics
 - high harmonic generation

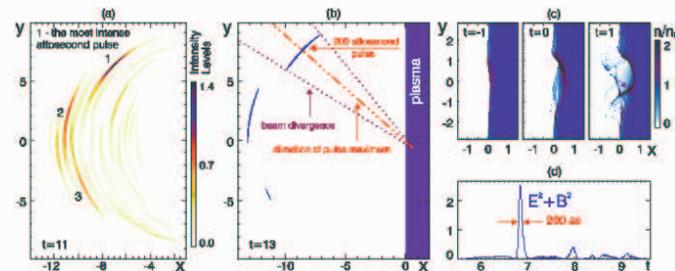


- molecular Raman modulation
S. E. Harris, A. Kaplan



- ✓ relativistic plasma wave front

PIC simulations in λ^3 regime
Mourou et al., PRL 92, 063902 (2004).



attophysics thrust: first experiment

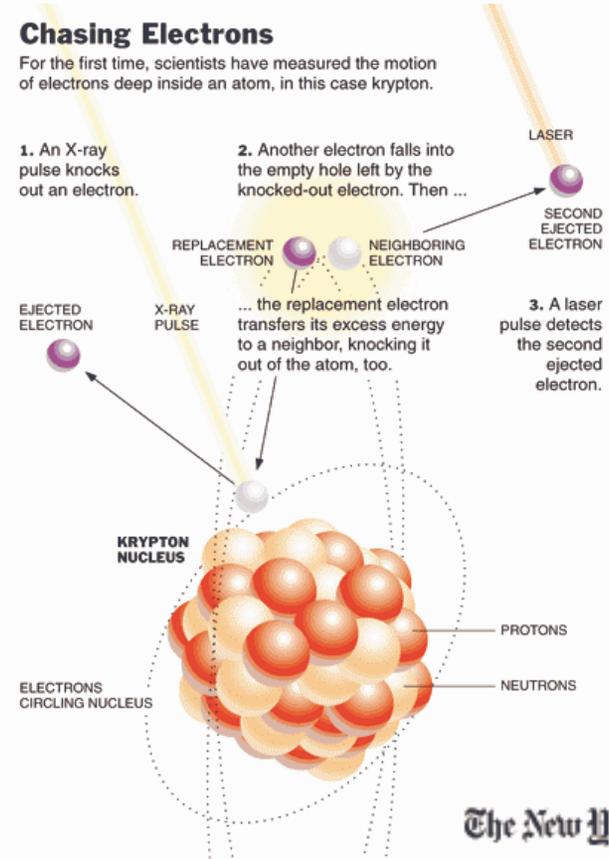


“time-resolved atomic inner-shell spectroscopy”
 Drescher M, Krausz F *et al.* Nature **419**, 803 (2002).

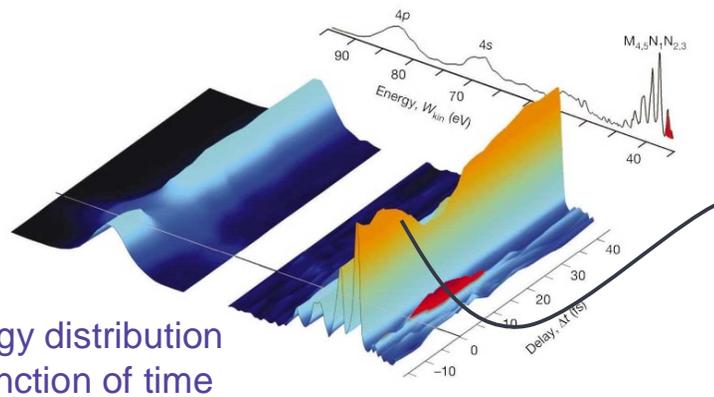
Chasing Electrons

For the first time, scientists have measured the motion of electrons deep inside an atom, in this case krypton.

1. An X-ray pulse knocks out an electron.
2. Another electron falls into the empty hole left by the knocked-out electron. Then ...
3. A laser pulse detects the second ejected electron.



The New York Times



900 attosecond
 time resolution

photoelectron energy distribution
 as a function of time

attophysics thrust: recommendations

Center requirements:

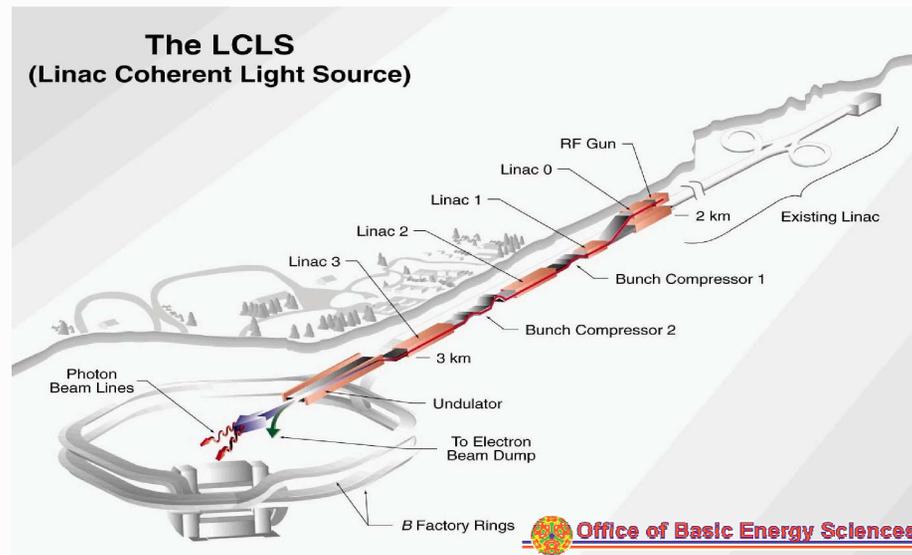
- high average powered, terawatt laser systems
- petawatt-class systems for relativistic drivers
- collocation of centers at existing DOE light sources

Interagency opportunities:

- NSF, DOE/BES, DOD (AFOSR, ARO)

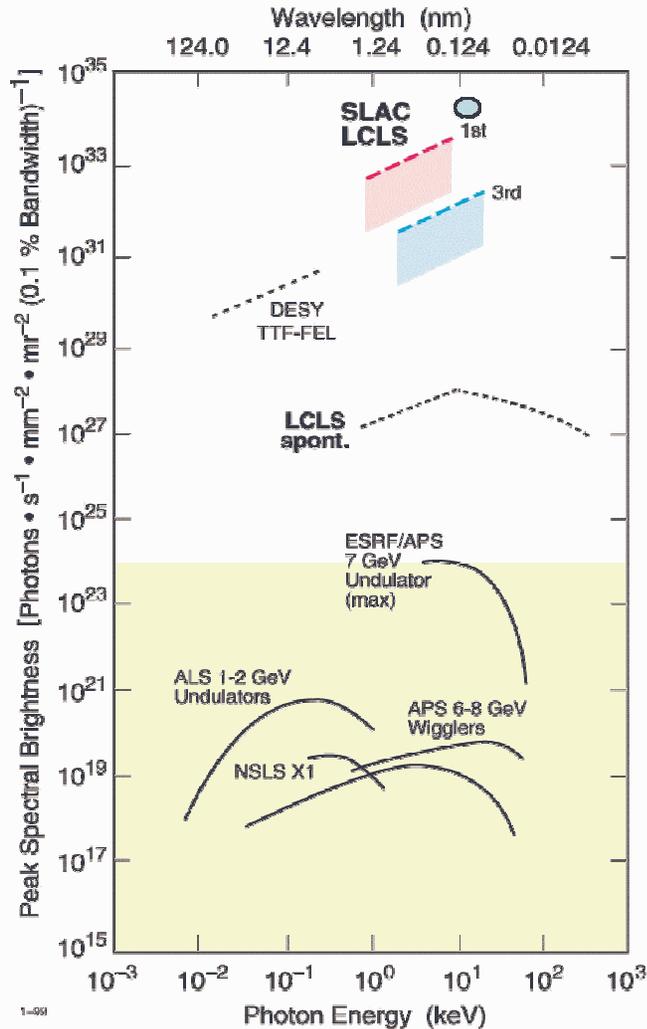
x-ray thrust: grand challenge

- ✓ *can intense, ultra-fast x-ray become a routine tool for imaging the structure and motion of “single” complex bio-molecules that are the constituents of all living things?*
- ✓ *can nonlinear optics be applied as a powerful, routine probe of matter in the XUV/x-ray regime?*



4th generation light sources produce x-rays with unprecedented peak power.

x-ray thrust: LCLS an extraordinary tool

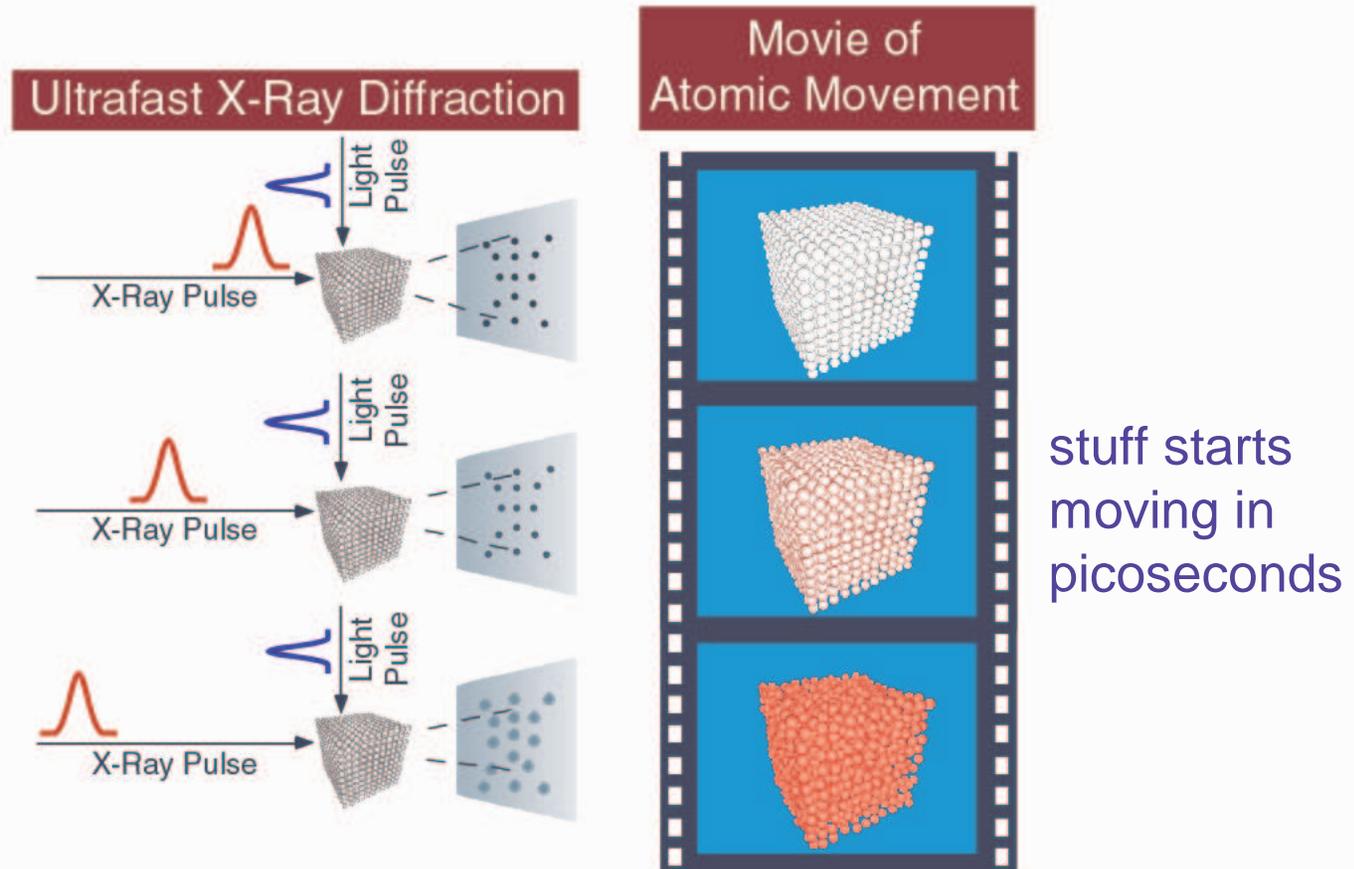


Baseline performance:

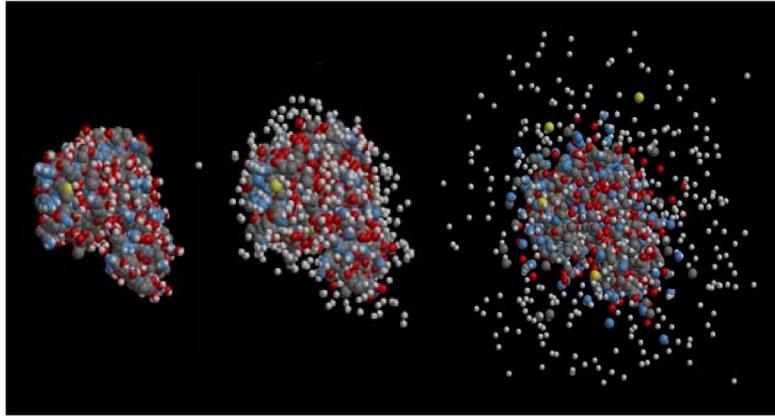
- 15-1.5 Angstrom
- 10 GW peak power
larger by 10^9 to current sources
- ultra-short, 200 fs - ???
exceeds 3rd generation by $\geq 10^3$
- coherent
large degeneracy factor $\geq 10^9$

x-ray thrust: ultra-fast dynamics

x-rays can probe structure
ultra-fast x-rays can watch it move: dynamics



x-ray thrust: single molecules imaging



“potential for biomolecular imaging with femtosecond x-ray pulses”
Neutze R, Hajdu J *et al.*, Nature **406**, 752 (2000).



Other 1st experiments:

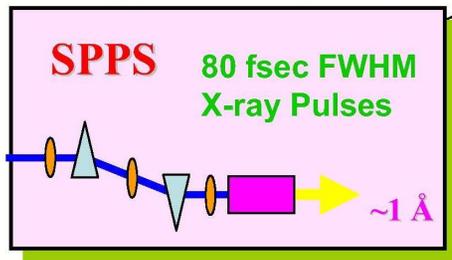
- high-frequency, strong-field atomic physics
- plasma & WDM
- femtochemistry
- nanoscale complex dynamics

x-ray thrust: roadmap for the 4th generation

- Over the next ten years can expect to see the next (4th) generation of linac-based light sources come on-line
- Other variants of linac-based light sources (e.g. ERLs) are also likely to be developed

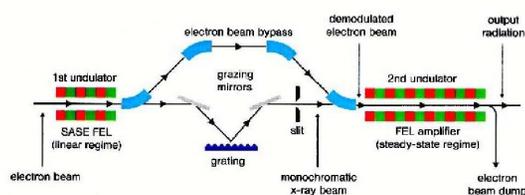
2003-2006

Short pulse characterization
Beam dynamics
Pump-probe studies on
strongly scattering samples



2003-2007

R&D, seeding, harmonic generation
Applns. of soft x-ray FELs



2008
First XFEL

15 GeV Electrons **LCLS** 1.5 Å X-Ray
Linac Coherent Light Source

~2011

TESLA XFEL

x-ray thrust: recommendations

Center requirements:

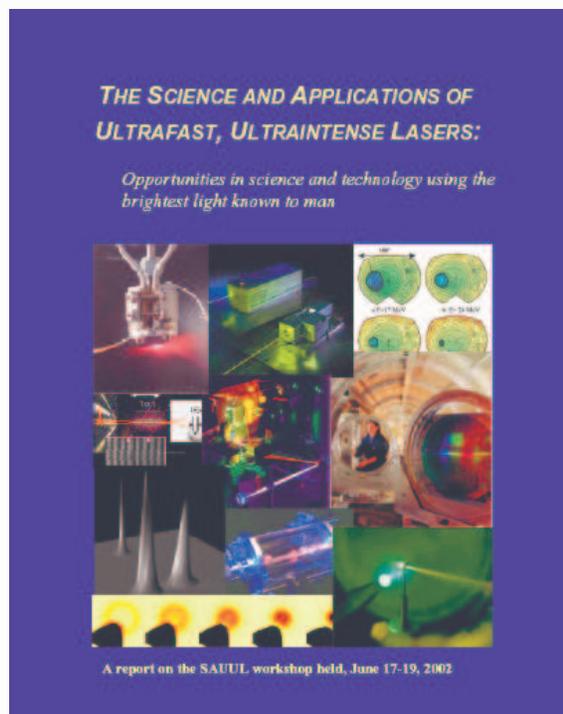
- multi-terawatt-class long wavelength ($\geq 0.8 \mu\text{m}$) drivers
- laser Centers collocated at 4th generation venues
e.g. high-powered drivers for HEDP studies

Interagency opportunities:

- NSF, DOE/BES, DOE/NNSA, DOE/OFES, DOD

SAUUL recommendations

- It is imperative that a new mode of organization be developed in this research field (UULs) to maintain its vitality in the USA and to make available the facilities and infrastructure needed to exploit current opportunities.



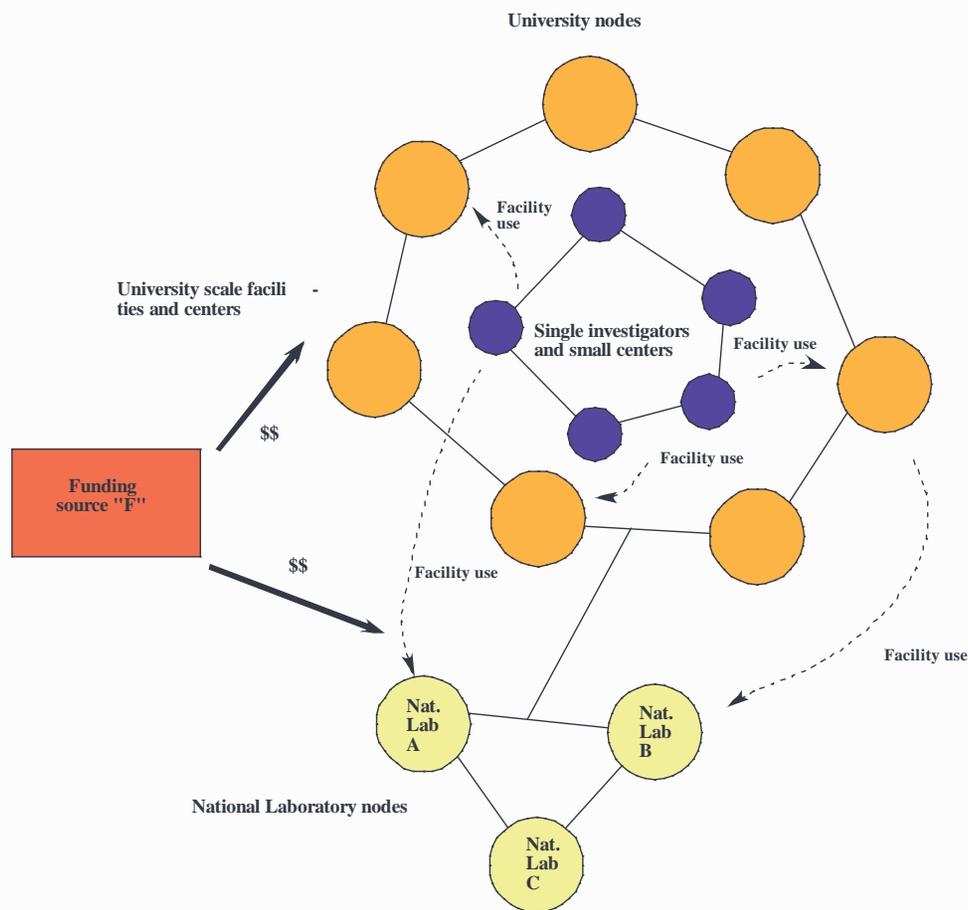
SAUUL report 2003

- SAUUL report was the outcome of a workshop held in DC during June 17-19, 2002.
- A broad scientific community interested in UUL physics were represented by the 44 workshop participants plus federal agency representatives.

SAUUL: a plan for organization

Plan for establishment of a UUL network:

- 1) formation of a funded cross agency body (CAB)
- 2) the CAB would hold nation-wide competition for the formation of network nodes.
- 3) the network would include three kinds of nodes:
 - (a) facilities at national labs and existing large scale laboratories.
 - (b) centers at universities.
 - (c) single investigator efforts
- 4) single Investigators are a key component: will have access to the facilities at the network nodes
- 5) network will be a dynamic entity with a recurring competition for new and existing nodes. Can also sunset nodes.



Nodes have scientific thrust themes.